Page 5 of 9

REMARKS

Claims 1-13 are pending in the present application.

I. ALLOWED CLAIMS

Applicant notes with appreciation the Examiner's indication that claims 2-5 and 7

are allowable.

II. FORMAL DRAWINGS

The Office Action does not indicate whether the formal drawings filed on March

24, 2003 have been approved, as Applicant requested in the amendment filed on

November 24, 2003. Applicant respectfully requests the Examiner to do so.

III. PRIOR ART REJECTIONS

A. Claim 1

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent

No. 5,825,347 (Prinsen). This rejection is traversed.

Applicant submits that in the screen saver taught by Prinsen, there is no light

intercepting portion that intercepts light applied to the image display device or light

transmitted from the image display device, as recited by claim 1. Instead, the screen

Page 6 of 9

saver simply changes the image that is displayed on the screen from the normal image to

the screen saver image. Specifically, column 5, lines 32-34 teaches that "[w]hen this

time [predetermined length of time in which no input by the user is detected] has

elapsed, the electronic image shown in Fig. 5 replaces the pre-existing image on the

display screen." There is no intercepting of light. Rather, an image is always shown on

the display screen 50.

The Examiner asserts that it is inherent that when the image is displayed, light be

can be transmitted through, and when the image is off, light is intercepted. Applicant

submits that this statement is not completely accurate. This is because an image is off

not only when light is physically intercepted by a light intercepting portion disposed

between an observer and a backlight, but also when light is prevented from arriving at

an observer by turning off a backlight. Accordingly, image-off occurs also in turning off

the backlight.

In addition, Applicant submits that in Prinsen, even if there is a moment that

nothing is displayed in switching from a normal image to a screen saver image, Prinsen

does not disclose intercepting light by the light intercepting portion in such a switching.

Therefore, Applicant submits that Prinsen does not teach each and every feature

of claim 1. Thus, the rejection of claim 1 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) is overcome.

B. Claims 8-12

Page 7 of 9

Claims 8-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Prinsen. This rejection is traversed.

This rejection is substantially similar to the rejection of claims 8-12 presented in

the office action dated September 9, 2003.

As presented above in the discussion of claim 1, Prinsen's conventional screen

saver program does not include a light intercepting portion that intercepts light applied

to the image display device or light transmitted from the image display device, as recited

in amended claim 1, on which claims 8-12 depend.

Also, regarding claim 8, on which claims 9-12 depend, Applicant submits that

Prinsen does not teach or suggest a shield member comprising a liquid crystal optical

shutter, as recited by claim 8. Further, because Prinsen does not teach or suggest a

liquid crystal optical shutter, there is no teaching or suggestion to intercept light applied

to and from an image display device, as recited by claims 10 and 11, respectively. These

arguments were presented in the amendments filed on June 23, 2003 and November 24,

2003. However, it appears that the Examiner has not responded to these arguments.

Further, regarding claim 9, Applicant submits that the screen saver of Prinsen

does not shut off an image in an interval between frames, as recited by claim 9. The

present invention is not a screen saver. Rather, it is a device that can improve the

quality of the image displayed by a display screen by minimizing contrast reduction.

Page 8 of 9

The Examiner has not commented on these remarks, which were presented in the

amendments filed on June 23, 2003 and November 24, 2003.

Therefore, since Prinsen does not teach each and every feature of claims 8-12,

Applicant submits that the rejection of claims 8-12 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) is

improper.

C. Claims 6 and 13

Claims 6 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Prinsen in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,828,427 (Faris). This rejection is traversed.

As presented above, Prinsen's conventional screen saver program does not include

a light intercepting portion that intercepts light applied to the image display device or

light transmitted from the image display device, as recited in amended claim 1, on which

claims 6 and 13 depend.

Applicant submits that Faris fails to make up for the above-noted deficiencies of

Prinsen. That is, Faris fails to teach or suggest a light intercepting portion that

intercepts light applied to the image display device or light transmitted from the image

display device. The Examiner does not assert that Faris teaches this feature of claim 1.

Rather, the Examiner relies on Faris for the teaching of a flat panel display panel having

direct and projection viewing modes of operation, and an electro-optical backlighting

panel having a light emission state and a light transmission state.

Page 9 of 9

Clam 13 depends on claim 9. As presented above, the screen saver of Prinsen

does not shut off an image in an interval between frames, as recited by claim 9. Faris

fails to make up for these deficiencies of Prinsen.

Therefore, since the combination of Prinsen and Faris fails to form the invention

defined by claims 6 and 13, Applicant submits that the rejection of claims 6 ad 13 under

35 U.S.C. § 103(a) is improper.

Therefore, Applicant submits that the present application is now in condition for

allowance. If the Examiner believes that any of the outstanding issues could be resolved

through a telephone interview, Applicant kindly requests the Examiner to contact the

undersigned at the number below.

Applicant believes that no additional fees are due for the subject application.

However, if for any reason a fee is required, a fee paid is inadequate or credit is owed for

any excess fee paid, you are hereby authorized and requested to charge Deposit Account

No. 04-1105.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: July 6, 2004

Customer No.: 21874

John J. Penny, Jr. (Reg. No. 36,984)

₽ÓWARD9∕& ANGELL, LLP

P.O. Box 9169

Boston, MA 02209

Tel.: (617) 517-5549

450586

Fax: (617) 439-4170